

The line  $l_1$  has equation:

$$3x - 4y + 12 = 0.$$

(a) Find the gradient of  $l_1$ .

(1 mark)

Given that:

- The point A has coordinates (4,2),
- The line  $l_2$  passes through A and is perpendicular to  $l_1$ ,
- (b) Find the equation of  $l_2$ , giving your answer in the form y=mx+c, where m and c are constants to be found.

(3 marks)

The lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  intersect at the point M.

- (c) Using algebra and showing all your working, find the coordinates of M.
- (Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.)

(3 marks)

Given that the diagonals of a square ABCD meet at M:

(d) Find the coordinates of the point C.

(2 marks)

Total for question = 9 marks







The line  $l_1$  has equation:

$$4x + 3y - 12 = 0.$$

(a) Find the gradient of  $l_1$ .

(2 marks)

The line  $l_2$  is perpendicular to  $l_1$  and passes through the point (6,4).

(b) Find the equation of  $l_2$  in the form y=mx+c, where m and c are constants.

(3 marks)

Total for question = 5 marks





Question 3	eClassroom
The points $P$ , $Q$ , and $R$ have coordinates $P(1,3)$ , $Q(5,7)$ , and $R(9,3)$ , respective	ely.
(a) Prove that $\angle PQR=90^{\circ}.$ (3 marks)	
Given that the point $S$ is such that $PQRS$ forms a rectangle,	
(b) Find the coordinates of $S$ . (2 marks)	
Total for question = 5 marks	





A tree was planted in the ground.

- Exactly 3 years after it was planted, the height of the tree was  $12\,\mathrm{m}.$
- Exactly 7 years after it was planted, the height of the tree was  $20\,\mathrm{m}$ .

Given that the height, H metres, of the tree t years after it was planted in the ground, can be modeled by the equation:

$$H = at + b$$
,

where a and b are constants:

- (a) Find the value of a and the value of b. (4 marks)
- **(b)** State, according to the model, the height of the tree when it was planted. (1 mark)





The line  $l_1$  has equation:

$$2y - x = 20.$$

The line  $l_2$  passes through the point A(10,0) and is perpendicular to  $l_1$ .

Lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  meet at the point P.

(a) Find, using algebra and showing your working, the coordinates of  ${\cal P}.$ 

(5 marks)

Given that  $l_1$  meets the x-axis at the point B:

(b) Find the area of triangle BPA.

(3 marks)	
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