



eClassroom

GCSE Mathematics

Exchange Rates & Best Value

Worked Solutions

Pearson Edexcel GCSE & iGCSE Mathematics



Section A — Foundation — Worked Solutions

[Fluency] Question 1

$$250 \times 1.17$$

$$\therefore \text{€}292.50$$

[Fluency] Question 2

$$351 \div 1.17$$

$$\therefore \text{£}300$$

[Fluency] Question 3

$$400\text{g}: 1.60/400=0.40\text{p/g} \quad 650\text{g}: 2.47/650=0.38\text{p/g}$$

$$\therefore \text{650 g is better value}$$

[Fluency] Question 4

$$6\text{pk}: 2.40/6=40\text{p/pen} \quad 10\text{pk}: 3.70/10=37\text{p/pen}$$

$$\therefore \text{10-pack is better value}$$

[Fluency] Question 5

$$74000 \div 185$$

$$\therefore \text{£}400$$

[Reasoning] Question 6

Convert €45: $45 \div 0.86 = \text{£}52.33\dots$ Wait: €1 = £0.86 so €45 = $45 \times 0.86 = \text{£}38.70$

$$\text{£}38.70 < \text{£}40$$

$$\therefore \text{France is cheaper at £38.70 vs £40}$$

[Reasoning] Question 7

$$3\text{pk}: 2.19/3=73.0\text{p/bottle}$$

$$5\text{pk}: 3.45/5=69.0\text{p/bottle}$$

$$8\text{pk}: 5.52/8=69.0\text{p/bottle}$$

$$\therefore \text{5-pack and 8-pack tied as best value at 69p/bottle}$$





[Reasoning] Question 8

Old: $\$500 \div 1.25 = \pounds 400$

New: $\$500 \div 1.18 = \pounds 423.73$

Extra: $\pounds 423.73 - \pounds 400$

\therefore £23.73 more

[Problem Solving] Question 9

A: $1.08/1500 = 0.072\text{p/ml}$

B: $1.36/2000 = 0.068\text{p/ml}$

C: $0.45/500 = 0.090\text{p/ml}$

\therefore Size B (2 litre) is best value at 0.068p/ml

[Problem Solving] Question 10

75×1.609

\therefore 120.675 km/h



Section B — Higher — Worked Solutions

[Fluency] Question 1

$$£500 \times 1.28 = \text{CAD}640$$

$$640 \times 0.73$$

$$\therefore \text{€}467.20$$

[Reasoning] Question 2

(a) New rate: $1.35 \times 0.96 = 1.2960$

(b) Old: $£200 \times 1.35 = \$270$. New: $£200 \times 1.296 = \$259.20$. Diff: \$10.80

$$\therefore \text{(a) } £1 = \$1.2960 \quad \text{(b) } \$10.80 \text{ less}$$

[Fluency] Question 3

2kg: $3.60/2000 = 0.180\text{p/g}$

750g: $1.40/750 = 0.187\text{p/g}$

5kg: $8.75/5000 = 0.175\text{p/g}$

$$\therefore \text{5 kg is best value at } 0.175\text{p/g}$$

[Reasoning] Question 4

At early rate: $1800 \div 1.15 = £1565.22$

At today's rate: $1800 \div 1.20 = £1500.00$

$$\therefore \text{Extra cost: } £65.22$$

[Reasoning] Question 5

$$25 + 0.05n < 18 + 0.12n$$

$$7 < 0.07n$$

$$n > 100$$

$$\therefore \text{Plan A is cheaper when using more than 100 minutes per month}$$

[Problem Solving] Question 6

Sell ex-VAT: $336 \div 1.20 = £280$

Profit: $£280 - £240 = £40$

Margin: $40/240 \times 100$

$$\therefore \text{16.67\%}$$



**[Problem Solving] Question 7**

New rate: $1.18 \times 1.03 = \text{£}1 = \text{€}1.2154$

Pounds: $2000 \div 1.2154$

$\therefore \text{£}1645.55$

[Problem Solving] Question 8

UK = £65

US: $79 \div 1.28 = \text{£}61.72$

EU: $74 \div 1.17 = \text{£}63.25$

\therefore USA is cheapest at £61.72

[Problem Solving] Question 9

UK: $1000 \times 1.03^3 = \text{£}1092.73$

Europe: $1170 \times 1.025^3 = \text{€}1259.76$

\therefore UK: £1092.73 Europe: €1259.76

[Problem Solving] Question 10

(a) PPP rate: $\text{£}1 = 5.15 / 3.99 = \1.2907

(b) Actual rate $\text{£}1 = \$1.28 < \1.2907

The pound is slightly undervalued according to PPP.

\therefore (a) £1 \approx \$1.29 (b) Pound is undervalued (actual rate buys fewer \$ than PPP suggests)